

pg 544 Check your understanding

1) Period = 20 seconds ; therefore  $b = \frac{2\pi}{p} = \frac{2\pi}{20} = \frac{\pi}{10}$

min = 15cm  
max = 35cm

We can calculate the amplitude and median line.

$$a = \frac{|\text{max} - \text{min}|}{2}$$

$$a = \frac{35 - 15}{2}$$

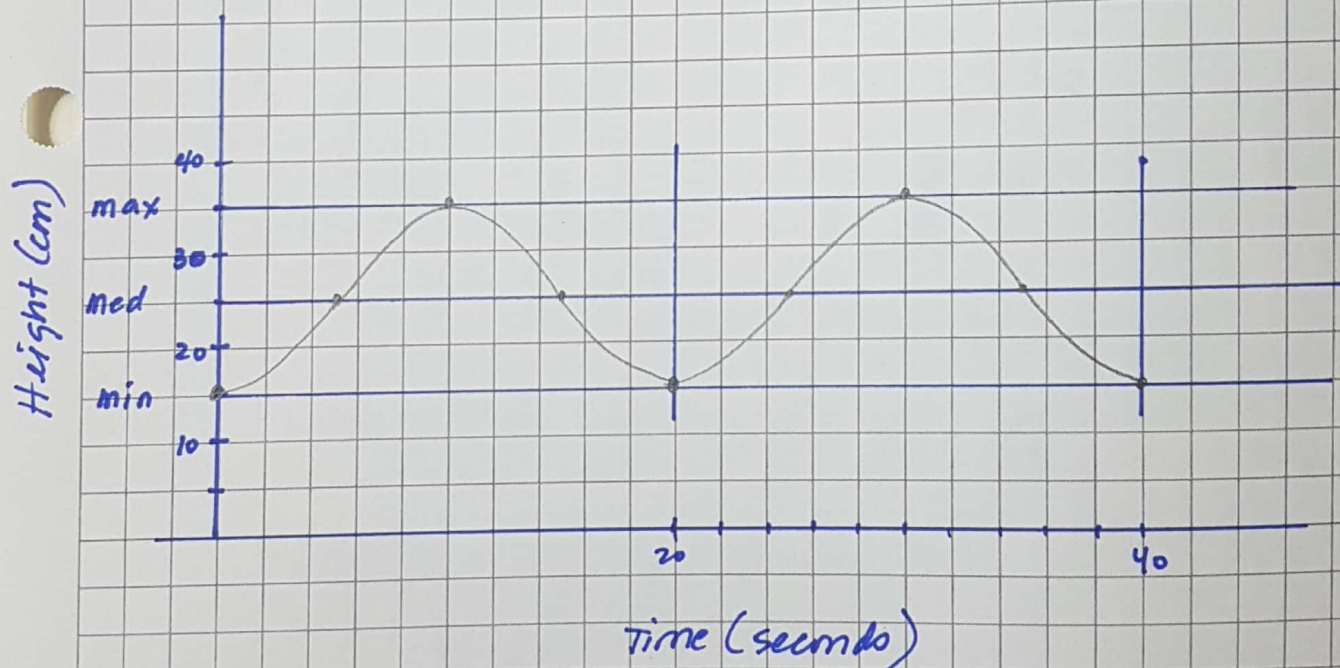
$$a = 10$$

$$d = \frac{\text{max} + \text{min}}{2}$$

$$d = \frac{35 + 15}{2}$$

$$d = \frac{50}{2} = 25$$

\* We can graph, and then we can determine the phase shift.

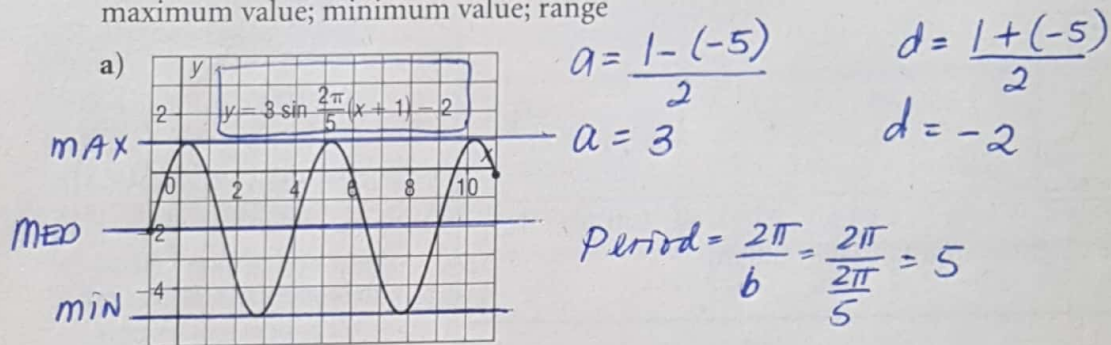


## Exercises

**A**

3. Identify the transformations that would be applied to the graph of  $y = \cos x$  to get the graph of  $y = \frac{3}{4} \cos \frac{\pi}{5}(x + 3) - \frac{3}{2}$ .

4. Identify the following characteristics of each graph below:  
amplitude; period; phase shift; equation of the centre line; domain;  
maximum value; minimum value; range

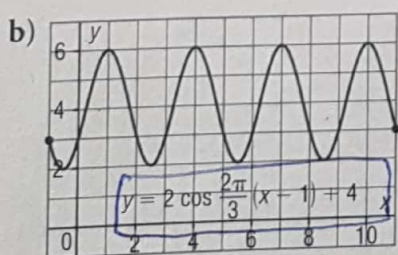


max = 1

min = -5

range =  $[-5, 1]$       domain:  $[-1, 11]$

phase shift = -1



max = 6

min = 2

$a = 2$

$d = +4$

period =  $\frac{2\pi}{b} = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{2\pi}{3}} = 3$

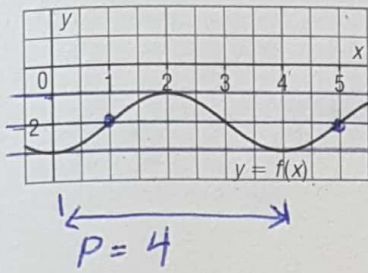
Domain:  $[-1, 11]$

Range:  $[2, 6]$

We can determine the amplitude and median line from the given equation

**B**

5. a) For the function graphed below, identify the values of  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ , and  $d$  in  $y = a \sin b(x - c) + d$ , then write an equation for the function.



$\max = -1$   
 $\min = -3$   
 $a = \frac{-1 - (-3)}{2}$   
 $a = 1$

$d = \frac{-1 + (-3)}{2}$   
 $d = -2$

period = 4

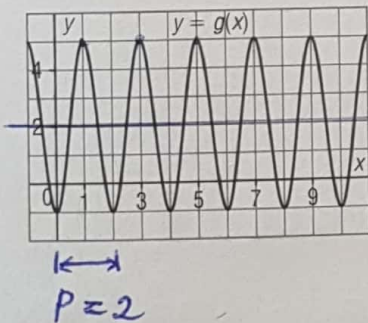
$b = \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$

possible phase shift for sine function is 1 or 5

$y = 1 \sin \frac{\pi}{2}(x - 1) - 2$   
 or

$y = 1 \sin \frac{\pi}{2}(x - 5) - 2$

- b) For the function graphed below, identify the values of  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ , and  $d$  in  $y = a \cos b(x - c) + d$ , then write an equation for the function.



$\max = 5$   
 $\min = -1$   
 $a = \frac{5 - (-1)}{2}$   
 $a = 3$

$d = \frac{5 + (-1)}{2}$

$d = 2$

period = 2

$b = \frac{2\pi}{2}$

$b = \pi$

possible phase shift for cos are 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, ...

$y = 3 \cos \pi(x - 1) + 2$   
 or

$y = 3 \cos \pi(x - 3) + 2$

$y = 3 \cos \pi(x - 5) + 2$

$y = 3 \cos \pi(x - 7) + 2$

$y = 3 \cos \pi(x - 9) + 2$

6. Use transformations to sketch a graph of each function for  $-5 \leq x \leq 5$ .

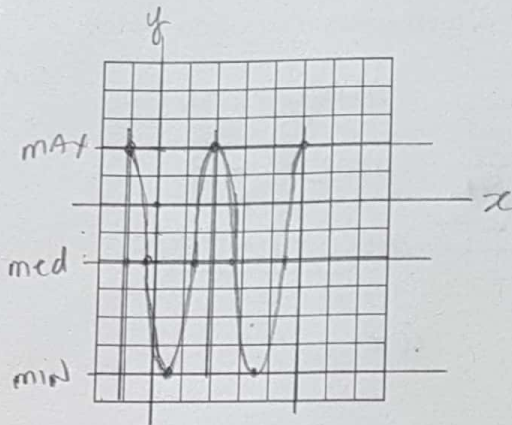
a)  $y = 4 \cos \frac{2\pi}{3}(x + 1) - 2$

median line:  $y = -2$

Amplitude = 4

period =  $\frac{2\pi}{\frac{2\pi}{3}} = 3$

phase shift = -1



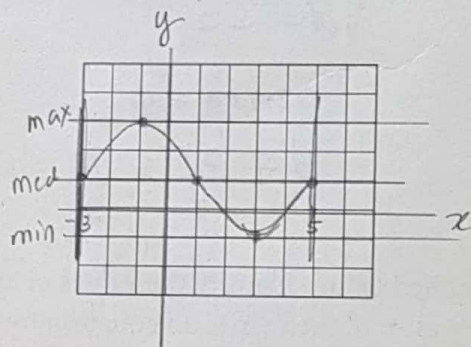
b)  $y = 2 \sin \frac{\pi}{4}(x + 3) + 1$

median line:  $y = 1$

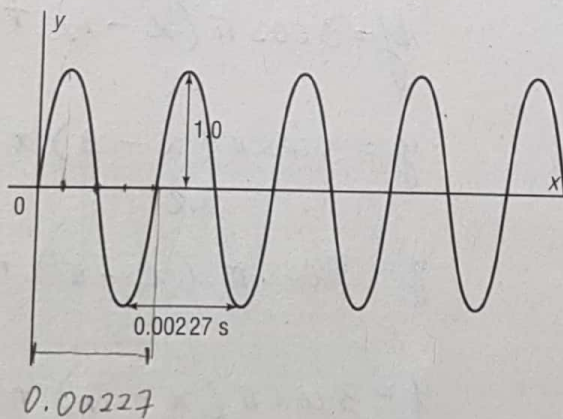
amp = 2

$P = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = 2\pi \left(\frac{4}{\pi}\right) = 8$

Phase shift = -3



7. A sound wave is a sinusoidal curve, as illustrated by the oscilloscope image below. Determine the function that best describes this graph.



amp = 1

period = 0.00227

$b = \frac{2\pi}{P} = \frac{2\pi}{0.00227} = 2767.92$

No phase shift  $c = 0$

No vertical shift  $d = 0$  (median line)

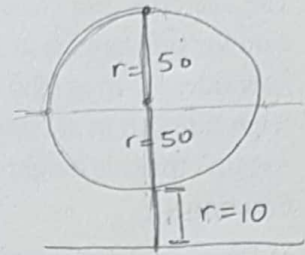
Therefore the function is

$y = 1 \sin 2767.92(x - 0) + 0$

or

$y = 1 \cos 2767.92(x - 0.0005675)$

8. A vertical wheel with radius 50 cm rotates about an axle that is 60 cm above the ground. A marker is placed at the top of the wheel. The wheel completes one rotation every 4 s.



- a) i) Explain why a cosine function would be an appropriate model for the height,  $h$  centimetres, of the marker at any time  $t$  seconds.

This scenario relates the height of the marker as a function of time.

- ii) For the graph of the cosine function from part i, identify the: period; phase shift; equation of the centre line; and amplitude. Explain how each characteristic relates to the conditions in the problem.

Time(s)	Height(cm)
0	110
1	60
2	10
3	60
4	110

$$\text{period} = 4 \text{ seconds} \Rightarrow b = \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\text{centre line} = \text{median line} = \frac{110 + 10}{2} = 60 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{amplitude} = \frac{110 - 10}{2} = 50 \text{ cm}$$

- b) Write an equation of a cosine function that models the motion of the wheel.

